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A thesis submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of

Doctor of Philosophy

at the University of Auckland

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February 1988

Abstract

An original solution method ("Snippy") is developed for the rectangular stock cutting problem, and compared with the commercially available package "OREC" by applying both methods to industrial order books. Arguments are presented to show that the solutions found by Snippy are optimal for all except one of the order books.

Snippy incorporates two innovations. The first is a new method for generating guillotinable cutting patterns, the Trickle Method. This is an incremental dynamic programming technique which is especially suited for interaction with the Simplex Method via column generation. The second development involves a class of non-guillotinable patterns that can be constructed using essentially guillotine techniques. In particular, a relatively minor modification to the Trickle Method allows the generation of good nonguillotinable patterns.

Acknowledgements

Firstly, I must express my heartfelt gratitude to my wife Deborah, without whose love, support, encouragement and understanding I would certainly have abandoned this work.



I would like to thank my supervisor, Dr David Ryan, for suggesting the research topic and for his advice and assistance over the last four years.

I am grateful to Roland Rogers of ECONZ for bringing the problem to our attention, and also to Temperzone for its cooperation in supplying the order books used in section 5.1 of this work.

I would like to thank the University Grants Committee and my parents for their financial support. The U.G.C. funded the first three years of my research, and paid for the copying and binding of this thesis. My parents funded the final year and I am indebted to them for this assistance. I am also grateful to the Department of Theoretical and Applied Mechanics which allowed me to spend a considerable proportion of its computing budget on my research, and to use its microcomputers in the preparation of this thesis.

By their quiet encouragement, David Bullivant and Margaret Blakeley have become more than simply people with whom I have shared an office.

Finally, I would like to thank Julie Falkner for her helpful comments and her assistance in proof reading.

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